# MONTANA UNIVERSAL PESTICIDE ANALYSIS (WATER) JUNE 2018

Compound	Reporting Limit ppb (ng/mL)
2,4-D	0.0090
Acetochlor	0.14
Acetochlor ESA	0.020
Acetochlor OA	0.0084
Alachlor ESA	0.044
Alachlor OA	0.0068
Alachlor	0.11
AMBA (mesotrione metab)	0.021
Aminocyclopyrachlor	0.025
Aminopyralid	0.030
Atrazine	0.0022
Azoxystrobin	0.0052
Bentazon	0.0022
Bromacil	0.0041
Bromoxynil	0.012
Carbaryl	0.014
Chlorpyrifos	0.060
Chlorsulfuron	0.0056
Clodinafop-propargyl acid	0.013
Clopyralid	0.088
Clothianidin	0.016
DEA	0.0017
DEDIA	0.10
DIA	0.040
Dicamba	0.88
Difenoconazole	0.011
Dimethenamid	0.0060
Dimethenamid OA	0.0072
Dimethoate	0.0022
Diuron	0.0053
Disulfoton sulfone	0.0067
FDAT	0.0051
Fipronil	0.0024
Fipronil desulfinyl	0.14
Fipronil sulfide	0.080
Fipronil Sulfone	0.040
Flucarbazone	0.0024
Flucarbazone sulfonamide	0.0039
Flumetsulam	0.029

Compound	Reporting Limit ppb (ng/mL)
Flupyradifurone	0.045
Fluroxypyr	0.035
Glutaric acid	0.030
HA	0.0040
Halosulfuron methyl	0.010
Hexazinone	0.0015
Imazamethabenz acid	0.0025
Imazamethabenz ester	0.0010
Imazamox	0.0057
Imazapic	0.0030
Imazapyr	0.0035
Imazethapyr	0.0040
Imidacloprid	0.0018
Indaziflam	0.0020
Isoxaben	0.0030
Isoxaflutole	0.13
Malathion	0.028
Malathion oxon	0.0024
MCPA	0.0046
MCPP	0.0044
Metalaxyl	0.0035
Methomyl	0.0063
Methoxyfenozide	0.010
Metolachlor	0.024
Metolachlor ESA	0.0050
Metolachlor OA	0.042
Metsulfuron methyl	0.010
Nicosulfuron	0.011
NOA 407854	0.0052
NOA 447204	0.020
Norflurazon	0.020
Norflurazon desmethyl	0.020
Oxamyl	0.0098
Parathion methyl oxon	0.012
Phorate sulfone	0.024
Phorate sulfoxide	0.0030
Picloram	0.28
Picoxystrobin	0.0075
Prometon	0.0010

Compound	Reporting Limit ppb (ng/mL)
Propiconazole	0.010
Prosulfuron	0.0050
Pyrasulfotole	0.020
Pyroxsulam	0.013
Saflufenacil	0.010
Simazine	0.0026
Sulfentrazone	0.035
Sulfometuron methyl	0.0025
Sulfosulfuron	0.0054
Tebuconazole	0.014
Tebuthiuron	0.0011
Tembotrione	0.073
Terbacil	0.0048
Terbufos sulfone	0.011
Tetraconazole	0.0039
Thiamethoxam	0.020
Thiencarbazone methyl	0.040
Thifensulfuron	0.022
Tralkoxydim	0.0051
Tralkoxydim acid	0.0050
Triallate	0.30
Triasulfuron	0.0055
Triclopyr	0.0220
Trifloxystrobin	0.020

# MONTANA PYRETHROID ANALYTE LIST (SEDIMENT) JUNE 2018

Compound	Reporting Limit ppb (ng/g)
Allethrin	0.2
Bifenthrin	0.045
Cyfluthrin	0.20
Cyhalothrin, Total	0.27
Cypermethrin	0.20
Deltamethrin	0.40
Fenpropathrin	0.20
Fenvalerate	0.13
cis-Permethrin	0.20
trans-Permethrin	0.20
Phenothrin	2.0
Piperonyl butoxide	2.0
Prallethrin	0.20
Resmethrin	2.0
Tetramethrin	0.14



## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2019

**Legislative Document** 

No. 643

H.P. 464

House of Representatives, February 7, 2019

An Act To Provide Funding to Municipalities Severely Affected by Pest Infestations

Reference to the Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry suggested and ordered printed.

ROBERT B. HUNT
Clerk

Presented by Representative TEPLER of Topsham.

Cosponsored by Senator BREEN of Cumberland and

Representatives: BERRY of Bowdoinham, DAUGHTRY of Brunswick, HEPLER of

Woolwich, McCREIGHT of Harpswell, O'NEIL of Saco, PIERCE of Falmouth, TUCKER of

Brunswick.

1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 7 MRSA c. 6-B is enacted to read:
3	CHAPTER 6-B
4	MANAGEMENT OF HARMFUL PESTS
5	§181. Harmful pest management; identification
6 7 8 9	1. Harmful pest identification. The commissioner, in consultation with the State Entomologist, shall identify pests, such as insects and arachnids, including, but not limited to, browntail moths and ticks, that are prevalent in this State and pose a risk of significant harm to human health, referred to in this chapter as "harmful pests."
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	2. Harmful pest management. The commissioner, in consultation with the State Entomologist, may undertake measures determined appropriate by the commissioner to manage harmful pests, including the prevention of breeding of harmful pests. In undertaking management of harmful pests pursuant to this section, the commissioner may contract with an entity outside the department for these services but any activities must be conducted using a combination of the lowest-risk, most effective, science-based management techniques and technology.
17	§182. Maine Harmful Pest Management Fund
18 19 20 21	1. Fund established. The Maine Harmful Pest Management Fund, referred to in this section as "the fund," is established to carry out the purposes of this chapter. The fund consists of any money received as contributions, grants or appropriations from private and public sources.
22 23 24 25	2. Purposes. The department may expend the money available in the fund to municipalities designated by the State Entomologist as being severely infested with harmful pests. A municipality may not receive more than \$50,000 from the fund. A municipality provided funds under this subsection shall use:
26 27 28 29	A. Seventy-five percent of the funding to mitigate infestation of residential properties in the municipality where persons with health conditions that can be exacerbated by the infestation reside and who are unable to pay for treatment of the infestation; and
30 31	B. Twenty-five percent of the funding to mitigate infestation of publicly owned properties in the municipality.
32 33 34 35 36	3. Administration. The fund, to be accounted for within the department, must be held separate and apart from all other money, funds and accounts. Any balance remaining in the fund at the end of a fiscal year does not lapse but must be carried forward to the next fiscal year. The State Entomologist shall administer the fund allocations.

### §183. Rules

The department shall adopt routine technical rules pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A necessary to administer and enforce this chapter.

**Sec. 2. Appropriations and allocations.** The following appropriations and allocations are made.

#### AGRICULTURE, CONSERVATION AND FORESTRY, DEPARTMENT OF

#### Maine Harmful Pest Management Fund N236

Initiative: Provides one-time funding to the Maine Harmful Pest Management Fund within the Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry to be used in mitigating infestations of harmful pests, such as browntail moth caterpillars and ticks.

12	GENERAL FUND	2018-19	2019-20
13	All Other	\$500,000	\$0
14			
15	GENERAL FUND TOTAL	\$500,000	\$0

16 SUMMARY

This bill authorizes the Commissioner of Health and Human Services, in consultation with the State Entomologist, to identify pests, such as browntail moths and ticks, in this State that pose a risk of significant harm to human health, and to undertake measures to manage those pests.

The bill also establishes the Maine Harmful Pest Management Fund to provide funds to municipalities severely infested with harmful pests, to be used in mitigating the infestations. It also provides \$500,000 to the fund.



### **FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2019**

**Legislative Document** 

No. 785

S.P. 229

In Senate, February 12, 2019

Resolve, Directing the Board of Pesticides Control To Educate the Public on the Proper Use of Pesticides and To Promote Integrated Pest Management

Reference to the Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry suggested and ordered printed.

DAREK M. GRANT Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator BLACK of Franklin.

Cosponsored by Representative DUNPHY of Old Town and

Senators: DAVIS of Piscataquis, TIMBERLAKE of Androscoggin, Representatives: HALL of
Wilton, KINNEY of Knox, PLUECKER of Warren, SKOLFIELD of Weld.

Sec. 1. Board of Pesticides Control educational outreach. Resolved: That
the Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Board of Pesticides Control
shall, within existing budgeted resources, develop and disseminate to the public
educational materials that promote the proper use of pesticides and promote integrated
pest management.

6 SUMMARY

This resolve requires the Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Board of Pesticides Control to develop and disseminate to the public educational materials that promote the proper use of pesticides and promote integrated pest management.



### FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2019

**Legislative Document** 

No. 796

H.P. 584

House of Representatives, February 12, 2019

An Act To Reestablish the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources and the Department of Conservation

(EMERGENCY)

Reference to the Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry suggested and ordered printed.

ROBERT B. HUNT

R(+ B. Hunt

Clerk

Presented by Representative HICKMAN of Winthrop. Cosponsored by Senator BLACK of Franklin and Representative: DUNPHY of Old Town.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

1

2	CONCEPT DRAFT
3	SUMMARY
4	This bill is a concept draft pursuant to Joint Rule 208.
5 6 7 8 9	This emergency bill proposes to reestablish the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources and the Department of Conservation, or "the departments," which were merged into the Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry pursuant to Public Law 2011, chapter 657. In addition to reestablishing the departments as separate entities with separate commissioners, this bill would:
10 11	1. Reestablish the original missions of the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources and the Department of Conservation;
12 13	2. Reestablish critical administrative and program positions in the departments, including positions charged with responsibilities associated with economic development;
14	3. Address deficiencies in the departments in staffing and funding;
15	4. Address stagnation in the departments in program development and planning;
16 17 18	5. Allow the reestablished Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources the ability to devote resources to aid farmers and to devise solutions to present-day challenges facing agricultural industries in the State;
19 20	6. Establish new goals for promoting and protecting Maine's natural beauty and the unique character of its land, waterways, wildlife habitats and wilderness resources;
21 22 23	7. Establish new goals for improving the agricultural economy in Maine, maintaining and strengthening rural life and values and enhancing the preservation of the rural skills, food supply, health and nutrition of the people of the State; and
24 25	8. Demonstrate Maine's commitment to its goal of becoming the "bread basket" for New England.



### FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2019

**Legislative Document** 

No. 889

S.P. 255

In Senate, February 19, 2019

An Act To Require the Labeling of Foods Made with Nanotechnology

Reference to the Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry suggested and ordered printed.

DAREK M. GRANT Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator CHIPMAN of Cumberland. (BY REQUEST)
Cosponsored by Senator: DESCHAMBAULT of York, Representatives: FOLEY of Biddeford,
MAXMIN of Nobleboro, McCREA of Fort Fairfield, O'NEIL of Saco, PLUECKER of
Warren, ROBERTS-LOVELL of South Berwick.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
Sec. 1. 7 MRSA c. 101, sub-c. 8 is enacted to read:
SUBCHAPTER 8
LABELS FOR FOOD OR FOOD PRODUCTS MADE WITH NANOTECHNOLOGY
§530-B. Labels for food or food products made with nanotechnology
1. <b>Definitions.</b> As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
A. "Nanotechnology" means technology to control matter with dimensions of less than 100 nanometers, especially the manipulation of individual atoms and molecules.
2. Labeling required. A label must be placed on any food or food product offered for sale in the State made with the use of nanotechnology. The label must:
A. Contain a clear and concise statement that discloses the use of nanotechnology in production of the food or food product; and
B. Be conspicuously and prominently placed in order to be easily seen by the consumer.
<b>3. Enforcement.</b> If inspection personnel of the department find that food or a food product is not properly labeled as required by this section, the commissioner shall issue a stop order for the food or food product until it is labeled in accordance with this section.
The department shall adopt rules implementing this section. Rules adopted pursuant to this paragraph are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.
SUMMARY
This bill requires that a label be placed on any food or food product offered for sale in the State made with the use of nanotechnology. Nanotechnology is the branch of technology concerned with the control of matter with dimensions of less than 100 nanometers, especially the manipulation of individual atoms and molecules.



## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2019

**Legislative Document** 

No. 908

H.P. 672

House of Representatives, February 19, 2019

An Act To Require Schools To Submit Pest Management Activity Logs and Inspection Results to the Board of Pesticides Control for the Purpose of Providing Information to the Public

Reference to the Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry suggested and ordered printed.

ROBERT B. HUNT
Clerk

Presented by Representative DAUGHTRY of Brunswick.
Cosponsored by Senator MILLETT of Cumberland and
Representatives: BEEBE-CENTER of Rockland, BERRY of Bowdoinham, DUNPHY of Old
Town, HICKMAN of Winthrop, McCREIGHT of Harpswell, O'NEIL of Saco, TEPLER of
Topsham, TIPPING of Orono.

#### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §1471-CC is enacted to read:

### §1471-CC. School pesticide data collection; public posting

A school shall maintain and provide to the board by January 15th of each year a pest management activity log for the previous calendar year that includes a list of pesticide applications on school property. The log must include the date and location of each application, the species of pest being managed, the trade name of the pesticide applied, the United States Environmental Protection Agency registration number if the pesticide is subject to registration, the name and license or certification number of the applicator and other pertinent information required by the board by rule to be included in the log.

The board shall post on its publicly accessible website all information provided by each school under this section. The board shall also post and maintain on its publicly accessible website a current list of all board inspections of pesticide use by each school and the results of those inspections.

For purposes of this section, "school" means a public, private or tribally funded kindergarten, elementary school, secondary school or nursery school that is part of an elementary or secondary school.

18 SUMMARY

This bill establishes in law certain requirements of the Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Board of Pesticides Control related to pest management on school property. It requires a school to maintain a pest management activity log related to the application of pesticides. It requires this information to be provided annually to the board and requires the board to post the information on its publicly accessible website. It also requires that the board post on its publicly accessible website a list of all board inspections of a school's use of pesticides and the results of those inspections.